Implementation Of A Breeding Programs

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Three Steps

The following steps are needed to implement a breeding program

- 1. description of production system
- 2. modelling profit of a typical herd
- 3. derive economic values

Production System



Why Production System

- Assume a hierarchical structure of the breeding program
- Alternatively: mixed farms in monolithic structure
- Breeding (and possibly multiplier) farms are selling their progeny to production farms
- Progeny must meet needs of production farms
- Breeders must select parents such that optimal progeny produced for production farms

Example Of Typical Production Farm



Traits Of Interest

Profit (P) of production farm determined by revenues (R) and costs (C)

$$P = R - C$$

- Traits of economic interest influnece P
- Restrict ourselves to output
 - age corrected carcass weight (CW)
 - carcass confirmation (CC)
 - carcass fat (CF)
- ► Above traits will be included in aggregate genotype (*H*)

$$H = a^T \cdot u$$

Economic Evaluation

 \rightarrow postponed to later

Genetic Evaluation

- In most cases, two steps plus preparation
- Given: dataset on breeding animals containing traits of interest as response variables and predictor variables
- Preparation: do model selection to eliminate unimportant predictor variables
- Steps:
 - $1. \ \text{variance components estimation} \\$
 - 2. prediction of breeding values