

# Contrasts

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# Contrasts

- ▶ Linear combination of parameters
- ▶ In R used to determine which estimable functions are shown as factor level effects

## Example Dataset

Table 1: Body Weight and Breed of Beef Cattle Animals

Animal	Body Weight	Breed
1	471	Angus
2	463	Angus
4	470	Angus
7	518	Limousin
8	511	Limousin
9	510	Limousin
10	541	Limousin
3	481	Simmental
5	496	Simmental
6	491	Simmental

## Contrasts in R

```
(mat_ctr <- contrasts(as.factor(tbl_flem_bw_breed$Breed)))
```

```
##           Limousin Simmental
## Angus           0           0
## Limousin         1           0
## Simmental        0           1
```

## Model Matrix

```
model.matrix(lm(`Body Weight` ~ Breed,  
               data = tbl_flem_bw_breed))
```

```
##      (Intercept) BreedLimousin BreedSimmental  
## 1             1             0             0  
## 2             1             0             0  
## 3             1             0             0  
## 4             1             1             0  
## 5             1             1             0  
## 6             1             1             0  
## 7             1             1             0  
## 8             1             0             1  
## 9             1             0             1  
## 10            1             0             1  
## attr(,"assign")  
## [1] 0 1 1  
## attr(,"contrasts")  
## attr(,"contrasts")$Breed
```

## Estimable Functions

- ▶ extend contrasts matrix by one row of all ones for the intercept

```
##           (Intercept) Limousin Simmental
## Angus                1         0         0
## Limousin             1         1         0
## Simmental            1         0         1
```

## Estimable Functions II

- ▶ Inverse of extended contrasts matrix

##	Angus	Limousin	Simmental
## (Intercept)	1	0	0
## Limousin	-1	1	0
## Simmental	-1	0	1

- ▶ First row: which group means are used for intercept
- ▶ Other rows: vectors  $q^T$  representing estimable functions

# Validation

- ▶ Compute a solution of least squares normal equation
- ▶ Use matrix of estimable functions to validate effects estimates



## Default Contrasts

- ▶ Per default: treatment contrasts
- ▶ Factor levels in alphabetical order
- ▶ First level corresponds to control, other levels are treatments
- ▶ Intercept estimate as mean observation for control group
- ▶ Effects estimates as difference between treatment and control solutions of normal equations

## Other Contasts

- ▶ Helmert
- ▶ sum
- ▶ poly

## Custom Contrasts

- ▶ Construct own matrix of estimable functions
- ▶ Invert that matrix
- ▶ Ignore first column
- ▶ Use remaining matrix of contrasts as argument in `lm()`