

Genetic Evaluation - Solution 2

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Problem 1: Model Selection

We assume that we have a dataset for the response variable `carcass weight` (CW) and for some predictor variables

- sex (`sex`)
- slaughterhouse (`slh`)
- herd (`hrd`)
- age at slaughter (`age`)
- day of month when animal was slaughtered (`day`) and
- humidity (`hum`)

Use a fixed linear effects model and determine which of the predictor variables are important for the response.

The data is available from https://charlotte-ngs.github.io/gelasmss2021/data/gel_model_sel_ex02.csv.

Hint

- Use the function `lm` in R to fit the fixed linear effects model
- Use either Mallow C_p statistic or the adjusted coefficient of determination R_{adj}^2 or AIC as model selection criteria
- Use the backward model selection approach

Solution

As preparatory step we have to first read the data from the file

```
s_data_file <- "https://charlotte-ngs.github.io/gelasmss2021/data/gel_model_sel_ex02.csv"  
tbl_modsel <- readr::read_csv2(s_data_file)
```

Before we can do any model fits, we have to convert all fixed effects into `factors`. Fixed effects will be

- `sex`
- `slh`
- `hrd`
- `day`

These must be converted into factors. All other predictors are fit as covariables and can stay as numeric types.

```
tbl_modsel$sex <- as.factor(tbl_modsel$sex)  
tbl_modsel$slh <- as.factor(tbl_modsel$slh)  
tbl_modsel$hrd <- as.factor(tbl_modsel$hrd)  
tbl_modsel$day <- as.factor(tbl_modsel$day)
```

The backward model selection approach starts with the full model.

```

lm_full <- lm(cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age + day + hum, data = tbl_modsel)
summary(lm_full)

## 
## Call:
## lm(formula = cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age + day + hum, data = tbl_modsel)
## 
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max 
## -27.9503  -5.0785  -0.0034   4.9371  25.3859 
## 
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 12.848384  7.424203   1.731   0.0836 .  
## sex2        -74.326113  1.270106  -58.520  <2e-16 *** 
## slh2         22.260154  0.251693   88.442  <2e-16 *** 
## slh3         3.633450  0.253731   14.320  <2e-16 *** 
## hrd2         88.051103  0.324615  271.248  <2e-16 *** 
## hrd3         8.715901  0.325158   26.805  <2e-16 *** 
## hrd4         58.733786  0.322198  182.291  <2e-16 *** 
## hrd5         19.830919  0.321711   61.642  <2e-16 *** 
## age          0.646483  0.018124   35.669  <2e-16 *** 
## day2        -0.823091  0.799581  -1.029   0.3033  
## day3        -0.502529  0.780698  -0.644   0.5198  
## day4        -1.144556  0.780938  -1.466   0.1428  
## day5        -1.061056  0.808272  -1.313   0.1893  
## day6        -1.380825  0.777552  -1.776   0.0758 .  
## day7        -1.037485  0.752821  -1.378   0.1682  
## day8        -1.773093  0.793269  -2.235   0.0254 *  
## day9        -1.572124  0.782887  -2.008   0.0447 *  
## day10       -0.548560  0.794306  -0.691   0.4898  
## day11       -0.920831  0.760181  -1.211   0.2258  
## day12       -1.212207  0.768703  -1.577   0.1149  
## day13       -0.578945  0.813871  -0.711   0.4769  
## day14       -0.230919  0.783872  -0.295   0.7683  
## day15       -0.674826  0.795888  -0.848   0.3965  
## day16       -1.081408  0.794644  -1.361   0.1736  
## day17       -0.721491  0.794795  -0.908   0.3640  
## day18       -0.100078  0.801605  -0.125   0.9006  
## day19       -1.728759  0.783159  -2.207   0.0273 *  
## day20       -1.031175  0.792600  -1.301   0.1933  
## day21       -0.058945  0.804225  -0.073   0.9416  
## day22       -0.184605  0.826888  -0.223   0.8233  
## day23       -0.006881  0.797887  -0.009   0.9931  
## day24       -1.872135  0.790999  -2.367   0.0180 *  
## day25       -1.515168  0.776605  -1.951   0.0511 .  
## day26       -1.403853  0.771310  -1.820   0.0688 .  
## day27       -1.280929  0.796001  -1.609   0.1076  
## day28       -1.278467  0.776949  -1.645   0.0999 .  
## day29       -0.389556  0.820790  -0.475   0.6351  
## day30       -1.127890  0.774005  -1.457   0.1451  
## hum          0.127239  0.101636   1.252   0.2107  
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

##  

## Residual standard error: 7.466 on 5286 degrees of freedom  

## Multiple R-squared:  0.9571, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9568  

## F-statistic: 3102 on 38 and 5286 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Using stepAIC() to do the backward selection results in

lm_back <- MASS::stepAIC(lm_full, direction = "backward")

## Start: AIC=21448.59
## cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age + day + hum
##
##          Df Sum of Sq    RSS   AIC
## - day    29     1554 296169 21419
## - hum     1      87 294703 21448
## <none>            294615 21449
## - age     1     70911 365526 22595
## - sex     1    190867 485482 24106
## - slh     2     508924 803540 26787
## - hrd     4     5795837 6090452 37569
##
## Step: AIC=21418.61
## cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age + hum
##
##          Df Sum of Sq    RSS   AIC
## - hum     1      86 296256 21418
## <none>            296169 21419
## - age     1     71363 367532 22566
## - sex     1    191473 487643 24072
## - slh     2     511678 807847 26758
## - hrd     4     5835440 6131609 37547
##
## Step: AIC=21418.16
## cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age
##
##          Df Sum of Sq    RSS   AIC
## <none>            296256 21418
## - age     1     71332 367588 22565
## - sex     1    191461 487716 24071
## - slh     2     511719 807974 26757
## - hrd     4     5835356 6131612 37545

summary(lm_back)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age, data = tbl_modsel)
##
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q     Median      3Q     Max 
## -27.1701 -5.1196 -0.0517  4.9396 26.2927 
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 11.69871   7.37800   1.586   0.113    
## sex2        -74.26071   1.26695 -58.614   <2e-16 ***
```

```

## slh2      22.25705   0.25093  88.697 <2e-16 ***
## slh3      3.63425   0.25300  14.365 <2e-16 ***
## hrd2     88.00687   0.32358 271.978 <2e-16 ***
## hrd3      8.70555   0.32368  26.895 <2e-16 ***
## hrd4     58.70436   0.32126 182.732 <2e-16 ***
## hrd5     19.80659   0.32085  61.731 <2e-16 ***
## age       0.64693   0.01808  35.777 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 7.465 on 5316 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9568, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9568
## F-statistic: 1.473e+04 on 8 and 5316 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

Comparing the above result from MASS::stepAIC() to the real model that was used in the simulation shows that they agree.

```
lm_relevant <- lm(cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age, data = tbl_modsel)
summary(lm_relevant)
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = cw ~ sex + slh + hrd + age, data = tbl_modsel)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min      1Q      Median      3Q      Max
## -27.1701  -5.1196  -0.0517   4.9396  26.2927
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 11.69871   7.37800  1.586   0.113
## sex2        -74.26071   1.26695 -58.614 <2e-16 ***
## slh2       22.25705   0.25093  88.697 <2e-16 ***
## slh3       3.63425   0.25300  14.365 <2e-16 ***
## hrd2      88.00687   0.32358 271.978 <2e-16 ***
## hrd3      8.70555   0.32368  26.895 <2e-16 ***
## hrd4     58.70436   0.32126 182.732 <2e-16 ***
## hrd5     19.80659   0.32085  61.731 <2e-16 ***
## age       0.64693   0.01808  35.777 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 7.465 on 5316 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9568, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9568
## F-statistic: 1.473e+04 on 8 and 5316 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```